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TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT

Definition

"Fright Forwarder" means the multimodal transport ort he who issues this Bill of Lading and is named on the face of it and assumes liability ort he performance of the multimodal transport contract as a carrier. "Bill of Lading" (BL) as used herein includes conventional bills of lading, as well as electronic, laser bills of lading, sea

waybills and all similar documents howsoever generated, covering the carriage of goods hereunder, whether or not issued by

the Merchant.

"Merchant" means and includes the Shipper, the Consignor, the Consignee, the holder of this Bill of Lading, the Receiver and the Owner of the Goods or person entitled to the possesion of the Cargo and the servants and agents of any of these, all of whom shall be jointly or severally liable to the Freight Forwarder for the payment of all charges and for the performance of all obligations of any of them under this Bill of Lading.

"Consignor" means the person who concludes the multimodal transport contract with the Freight Forwarder

"Consignee" means the person entitled to receive the goods from the Freight Forwarder. "Carriage" means the whole of operations and services undertaken or performed yor on behalf of the Freight Forwarde

with respect of the Goods. "Goods" means the Cargo or packaging received from the shipper and described on the face side hereof and any container not supplied by or on behalf of the Freight Forwarder, irrespective of whether such property is to be or is carried on or unde

"Charges" means freight, deadfreight, demurrage and all money expenses and obligations incurred and payable by the

Mercha "Taken in charge" means that the goods have been handed over to and accepted for carriage by the Freight Forwarder at

the place of receipt evidenced in this BL. 1)Applicability

vithstanding the heading "Bill of Lading (BL)" these conditions shall also apply if any mode of transport is used.

2)Issuance of this Bill of Lading 2.1 By issuance of this BL the Freight Forwarder

a) undertakes to perform and/or in his own name to procure the performance of this entire transport, from the place at which the goods are taken in charge (place of receipt evidenced in this BL) to the place of delivery designated in this BL. b) assumes liability as set out in these conditions

2.2. Subject to the conditions of this BL the Freight Forwarder shall be responsible for the acts

or any other person of whose services and omissions of his servants or agents acting within the scope of their employment, or any other person of whos he makes use for the performance of the contract evidenced by this BL, as if such acts and omissions were his ow 3)Negotiability and the title to the goods

3.1. This BL is issued in a negotiable form unless it is marked "non negotiable". It shall constitute title to the goods and the holder, by endorsement of this BL, shall be entitled to receive or to transfer the goods herein mentioned.

3.2. The information on this BL shall be prima facie evidence of the taking in charge by the Freight Forwarder of the goods as described by such information unless a contrary indication such as "shipper's weight, load and count", "shipper packed container" or similar expressions has been made in the printed text or superimposed on this BL. However proof to the contrary shall not be admissble when the BL has been transferred to the consignee for valuable consideration who in good faith has relied and acted thereon

4)Dangerous Goods and Indemnity

4.1. The Merchant shall comply with rules which are mandatory according to the national law or by reason of International Convention, relating to the carriage of goods of a dangerous nature, and shall in any case inform the Freight Forwarder in writing on the exact nature of the danger before goods of a dangerous nature are taken in charge by the Freight Forwarder and indicate to him, if precautions need to be taken.

4.2 If the Merchant fails to provide such information and the Freight Forwarder is unaware of the dangerous nature of the goods and the necessary precautions to be taken and if any time they are deemed to be a hazard to life of property, they may at any place be unloaded, destroyed or rendered harmless, as circumstances may require, without compensation The Merchant shall indemnify the Freight Forwarder agains all loss, damage, liability, or expense arising out of their being take n

in charge, or their carriage or of any service incidental there to. The burden of proving that the Freight Forwarder knew the exact nature of the danger constituted by the damage of the said goods shall rest on the Merchant. 4.3. If any goods shall become a danger to life of property, they may in like manner be unloaded or landed at any place of

destroyed or rendered harmless. If such danger was not caused by the fault or neglect of the Freight Forwarder, he shall have no liability and the Merchant shall indemnify him against all loss, damage liability and expense arising there from. 5)Description of Goods and Merchant Packing and Inspection

5)Description of Goods and Merchant Packing and inspection 5.1. The Consignor shall be deemed to have guaranteed to the Freight Forwarder the accuracy at the time the goods were taken in charge by the Freight Forwarder, of all particulars relating to the general nature of the goods, their marks, number, weight, volume and quantity and if applicable, to the dangerous character of the goods, as furnished by him or on his behalf for insertion on the BL. The Consignor shall indemnify the freight Forwarder against all loss, damage and expense resulting from any inaccuracy or inadequacy of such particulars. The Consignor shall remain liable even if the BL has been transferred by him. The right of the Freight Forwarder to such an indemnity shall in no way limit his liability under this BL to any persor other than the Consignor.

5.2. The Freight Forwarder shall not be liable for any loss, damage or expense caused by defective or insufficient packing of Size the regime rowanes shall not be name to any toos, damage of expense caused by detective of momentary packing may goods or by inadequate loading or packing within containers or other transport units when such loading or packing has been performed by the Merchant or on his behalf by a person other than the Freight Forwarder or by the defect or insuitability of the containers or other transport units supplied by the Merchant or if supplied by the Freight Forwarder if a defect or unsuitability of the container or other transport unit would have been apparent upon reasonable inspection by the

Merchant, The Merchant shall indemnify the Freight Forwarder against all loss, damage, liability and expense so caused. 6. Freight Forwarder's Liability 6.1. The responsibility of the Freight Forwarder for the goods under these conditions covers the period from the time the

6.2 The Freight Forwarder has taken the goods in his charge to the time of their delivery. 6.2 The Freight Forwarder shall be liable for loss of or damage to the goods as well as for delay in delivery if the occurence which caused the loss, damage or delay in delivery took place while the goods were in his charge as defined in Clause 2.1 a, unless the Freight Forwarder proves that no fault or neglect of his own, his servants or agents or any other person referred to in Clause 2.2 has caused or contributed to such loss, damage or delay. However the Freight Forwarder shall only be liable for loss following from delay in delivery if the Consignor has made a declaration of interest in timely delivery which has been accepted by the Freight Forwarder and stated in this Bill of Lading.

accepted by the Freight Forwarder and stated in this Bill of Lading. 6.3.Arrival lines are not guaranteed by the Freight Forwarder. However, delay in delivery occurs when the goods have not been delivered within the time expressly agreed upon or, in the absence of such agree-ment, within the time which would be reasonable to require of a diligent Freight Forwarder, having regard to the circumstances of the case. 6.4. If the goods have not been delivered within ninty consecutive days following such date of delivery as deter-

ned in Clause 6.3. the claimant may, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, treat the goods as lost

6.5.When the Freight Forwarder establishes that, in the circumstances of the case, the loss or damage could be attributed to one or more causes or events, specified in a – e of the present clause, it shall be presumed that it was so caused, always provided, however, that the claimant shall be entitled to prove that the loss

that it was so caused, always provided, however, that the claimant shall be entitled to prove that the loss or damage was not in fact, caused wholly or partly by one or more of such causes or events. a)an act or omission of the Merchant, or person other than the Freight Forwarder acting on behalf of the Merchant or from whom the Freight Forwarder took the goods in charge. b)insufficiency or defective condition of the packaging or marks and/or numbers. c)handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on behalf of the Merchant. d)inherent vice of the goods.

d)strike, lockout, stoppage, or restraint of labour

djstnike, lockout, stoppage, or restraint of labour. 6.6. Defences for carriage by sea or linal and waterways Notwithstanding Clauses 6.2, 6.3 and 6.4 the Freight Forwarder shall not be liable for loss, damage, or delay in delivery with respect to goods carried by sea or water ways when such loss, damage or delay during such carriage has been caused by; a)act, neglect, or default of the master, mariner, pilot or the servant of the carrier in the navigation or in the management of the ship. b) fire, unless caused by the actual fault or privity of the carrier, however, always provided that whenever loss or damage has resulted from unecasawrthises of the ship. The Freicht Forwarder or norces that rule millionere has been exercised to make resulted from unseaworthiness of the ship, the Freight Forwarder can prove that due diligence has been exercised to make the ship seaworthy at the commencement of the voyage.

mount Clauses

7. Paramount Clauses 7.1. These conditions shall only take effect to the extend that they are not contrary to the mandatory provisions of international Conventions of national law applicable to the contract evidenced by this BL 7.2. The Hague Rules contained in the international Convention for the unification of certain rules relating to Bills of Lading dated Brussels 25th August 1924, or in those countries where there are already in force the Hague-Visby Rules contained in the Protocol of Brussels, dated 23rd February 1968, as enacted in the Countrary of Homenst hell and when the all context of earch when and help the toregrape function the induction. Country of Shipment, shall apply to all carriage of goods by sea and also the carriage of goods by inland waterways, and such provisions shall apply to all goods whether carried on deck or under deck

waterways, and such provisions shall apply to all goods whether carried on deck or under deck. 7.3. The Carriage of Goods by Sea Act of the United States of America (COGSA) shall apply to the carriage of goods by sea, whether on deck or under deck, if compulsorily applicable to this BL or would be applicable but for the goods being carried on deck in accordance with a statement of this BL. 8. Limitation of Freight Forwarder's Liability 8.1. Asseement of compensation for loss of or damage to the goods shall be made by reference to the value of such goods at the place and time they are delivered to the consignee or at the place and time when in scondance with bit BL they cloud how how never conditioned.

accordance with this BL, they should have been so delivered. 8.2. The value of the goods shall be determined according to the current commodity exchange price or, if there

is no such price, according to the current market price or if there are no such prices, by reference to the normal value of goods of the same name and o

ect to the provisions of subclauses 8.4 to 8.9 inclusive the Freight Forwarder shall in no event be of 83 Sub 8.3. Subject to the provisions of subclauses 8.4 to 8.9 inclusive the Freight Forwarder shall in no event be or become liable for any loss or damage to the goods in an amount exceeding the equivalent of 66.6.7 SDR per package or unit or 2 SDR per kilogram of gross weight of the goods lost or damaged whichever is the higher, unless the nature and value of the goods shall have been declared by the Consignor and accepted by the Freight Forwarder before the goods have been taken in his charge or the ad valorem freight rate paid and such value is stated in the BL by him then such declared value shall be the limit.
8.4. Where a container palet similar article of transport is loaded with more than one package or unit, the packages or other shipping units enumerated in the BL as packed in such article of transport alse container palet the package or time.
8.5. Notwithstanding the above mentomed provisions if the multimodal transport does nor according to the contract incluse damage to the plands by the provisions of the provisions if the multimodal transport does nor according to the contract incluse damage damage to the goods by the provisions if the multimodal transport does nor according to the contract incluse damage damage to the contract incluse damage damage to the sources.

contract include damage of goods by sea or by inland waterways, the liability of the Freight Forwarder shall be limited to an amount not exceeding 8.33 SDR per kilogram of gross weight of the goods lost or damaged

shall be limited to an amount not exceeding 8.33 SDR per kilogram of gross weight of the goods lost or damage 8.6. a) When the loss of or damage to the goods occured during one particular stage of the multimodal transport, in respect of which an applicable international convention or mandatory national law would have provided another limit of liability if a seperate contract of carriage had been made for that particular stage of the model time of the goods occured during one have been and to be the stage of the stage of the stage of the goods and the stage of the stage of the goods and the stage of the stage of the stage of the goods and the stage of the goods and the stage of the goods and the stage of the goods of such convention or mandatory national law. Bulletes the nature and value of the goods shall have been declared by the Merchant and inserted in this BL, and the ad valorem freight rate paid, the liability of the Freight Forwarder under COGSA where applicable, shall not exceed usd 500 per package or, in case of goods not shipped in packages, per customary freight time.

Fright unit. Treight unit. 8.7. If the Freight Forwarder is liable in respect of loss following from delay in delivery, or consequential loss or damage other than loss of or damage to the goods, the liability of the Freight Forwarder shall be limited to an amount not exceeding the equivalent of twice the freight under the multimodal contract for the multimodal transport under this BL. 8.8. The aggregate liability of the Freight Forwarder shall not exceed the limits of liability if or total loss of the goods. 8.9. The Freight Forwarder is not entitled to the benefit of the limitation of liability if is proved that the loss, damage ar delay in deliver resulted from a personal act or omission of the Freight Forwarder done with

damage or delay in delivery resulted from a personal act or omission of the Freight Forwarder done with the intent to cause such loss, damage or delay, or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss damage or delay would probably result

9. Applicability to Actions in Tort

These conditions apply to all claims agains the Freight Forwarder related to the performance of the contract evidenced by this BL, whether the claim be founded in contract or in tort.

contract evidenced by this BL, when the the claim be rounded in contract or in tort. 10. Liability of Servants and other Persons 10.1 These conditions apply whenever claims relating to the performance of the contract evidenced t BL are made against any servant, agent or other person (including any independent contractory) who

services have been used in order to perform the contract, wherher such claims are founded in contract or in tort and the aggregate liability of the Freight Forwarder and of such servants, agents or other person shall not exceed the limits clause 8.

10.2 In entering into this contract as evidenced by this BL, the Freight Forwarder, to the extent of these

10.2 In entering into this contractas evidenced by this BL, the Freight Forwarder, to the extent of these provisions, does not only act on his own behalf, but also as agent of the trustee for such persons and such persons shall to this extent be or be deemed to be parties to this contract. 10.3 However, if it is proved that the loss of or such loss or damage to the goods resulted from a personal act or omission of such a person referred to in Clause 10.1 done with intent to cause damage, or reck-lessly and with knowledge that damage would probably result, such person shall not be entitled to benefit of limitation of liability provided for in Clause 8. 10.4 The aggregate of the amounts recoverable from the Freight Forwarder and the persons referred to in Clauses 2.2.and 10.1 shall not exceed the limits provided for in those conditions. **11 Method and Boute of Transportation** Without notice to the Merchant, the Freight Forwarder has the liberty to carry the goods on or under deek and to choose and substutute the means, route and procedure to be followed in the handling, stowage, storage and transportation of the goods.

storage and transportation of the goods.

T2. Delivery T2. Delivery T2.1 Goads shall be deemed to be d livered when they have been handed over or placed at the disposal of the Consignee or his agent in accordance with this BL, or when the goods have been handed over to any authority or other party to whom, pursuant to the law or regulation applicable at the place of delivery, the goods must be handed over, or such other place at which the Freight Forwarder is entitled to call upon the Merchant to take delivery

12.2 The Freight Forwarder shall also be entitled to store the goods at the sole risk of the Merchant, and the Freight Forwarder's liability shall cease, and the cost of such storage shall be paid, upon demand, by the Merchant to the Freight Forwarder

Preight forwarder's isability shall cease, and the cost of such storage shall be paid, upon demaind, by the Merchant to the Freight Forwarder. 12.3 If at any time the carriage under this BL is or is likely to be affected by any hindrance or risk of any kind (including the condition of the goods) not arising from any talut or neglect of the Freight Forwarder or a person referred to in Clause 2.2 and which cannot be avoided by the exercise of reasonable endeavours the Freight Forwarder may abondon the carriage of the goods under this BL and, where reasonably possible, place the goods or any part of them at the Merchant's disposal at any place which the Freight Forwarder may deem safe and convenient, whereupon delivery shall be deemed to have been made, and the responsibility of the Freight Forwarder in respect of goods shall cease. In such event, the Freight Forwarder shall be entitled to full freight under this BL, and the Merchant shall pay any additional costs resulting from the above mentioned circumstances. **13. Freight and Charge 13.1 Freight shall** be paid in cash, without any reduction or deferment on account of any claim, counter-claim or set off, whether prepaid or payable at destination. Freight shall be considered earned by the Freight Forwarder at the moment when the goods have been taken in his charge, and not be returned in any event. **13.2 Freight** and **all other amounts in this BL are to be paid in the currency named in this BL or, at the Freight Forwarder's option, in the currency of the country of dispatch or destination at the highest rate of exchange for bankers sight bills current for prepaid freight on the day of dispatch and for freight payable at the destination on the day when the Merchant is notified on arrival of the goods have cor on the date of withdrawal of the delivery order, whichever rate is the higher, or at the option of the Freight Forwarder on the date of this BL.**

on the date of this BL.

13.3 All dues, taxes and charges or other expenses in connection with the goods shall be paid by the Merchant. Where equipment is supplied by the Freight Forwarder, the Merchant shall pay all demurrage and charges which are not due to a fault or neglect of the Freight Forwarder.

which are equipment is supplied by the Freight Forwarder, the Merchant shall pay all demurrage and charges which are not due to a fault or neglect of the Freight Forwarder. 13.4 The Merchant shall reimburse the Freight Forwarder in proportion to amount of freight for any costs for deviation or delay or any other increase of costs of whatever nature caused by war, warlike operations, epidemics, strikes, government directions for force majeure. 13.5 The Merchant warrants the correctness of the declaration of contents, insurance, weight measurements or value of the goods but the regist Forwarder has the liber ty to have the contents inspected and the weight, measurements and the value verified. If on such inspection its found that the declaration is not correct, it is agreed that a sum equal either to five times the difference between the correct frigure and the freight charged, or to double the correct freight less the freight charged, whichever sum is the smaller, shall be payable as liquidated damages to the Freight Forwarder for his inspection costs and losses of freight on any other person in respect of the transport under this BL. He Merchantshall remain responsible for such monies on receipt of the transport under this BL. He Merchantshall remain responsible for such monies on receipt of the transport under this BL. He Merchantshall remain responsible for such monies on receipt of the sum advand and the absence of payment for whatever reason. **14. Lien** The Freight Forwarder shall have a lien on the goods and any documents relating thereto for any amount

14. Uen The Freight Forwarder shall have a lien on the goods and any documents relating thereto for any ard due at any time to the Freight Forwarder from the Merchant including storage fees and the cost of recovering same and may enforce such lien any reasonable manner which he may think fit. 15. General Average

The Merchant shall indemnify the Freight Forwarder in respect of any claims of a General Average nature which may be made on him and shall provide such security as may be required by the Freight Forwarder in this co ection

16.1 Unless notice of loss of or damage to the goods, specifying the general nature of such loss or damage, given in writing by the consignee to the Freight Forwarder when the goods are delivered to the consignee in accordance with Clause 12, such handing over is prime facie evidence of the delivery by the Freight Forwarder of the goods as described in ntils BL.
16.2. Where the loss or damage is not apparent, the same prima facia effect shall apply if notice in writing is not given within 6 consecutive days after the day when the goods were delivered to the consignee in accordance with Clause 12.
17. Time Bar
19. The Freight Forwarder of the forwarder of the delivered to the consignee in accordance with Clause 12. 16 Notice 16.1 Unless notice of loss of or damage to the goods, specifying the general nature of such loss or damage, is

Time Bar
 The Freight Forwarder shall, unless otherwise expressly agreed be discharged of all liability under these conditions unless suit is bought within 9 months after the delivery of the goods or the date when the goods would give consignee the right to treat the good sould give consignee the right to treat the goods as lost.
 Partial Invalidity
 If any clause or part thereof is held to be invalid, the validity of this BL, and the remaining clauses or a part thereof shall no the affected.
 Jurisdiction and applicable law
 Actions avains the Freight Forwarder may be instituted only in the place where the Freight Forwarder

Actions against the Freight Forwarder may be instituted only in the place where the Freight Forwarder has his place of business as stated on the reverse of this BL and shall be decided according to the law of country in which that place of business is situated.